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- 3rd floor, Hematology Lab
- Office hours: Thursday 12-1
- Reference: Robbins Basic Pathology 9th ed



A-LAB 0004

Lab. Request Form

مستشفى الجامعة الأردنية
Jordan University Hospital

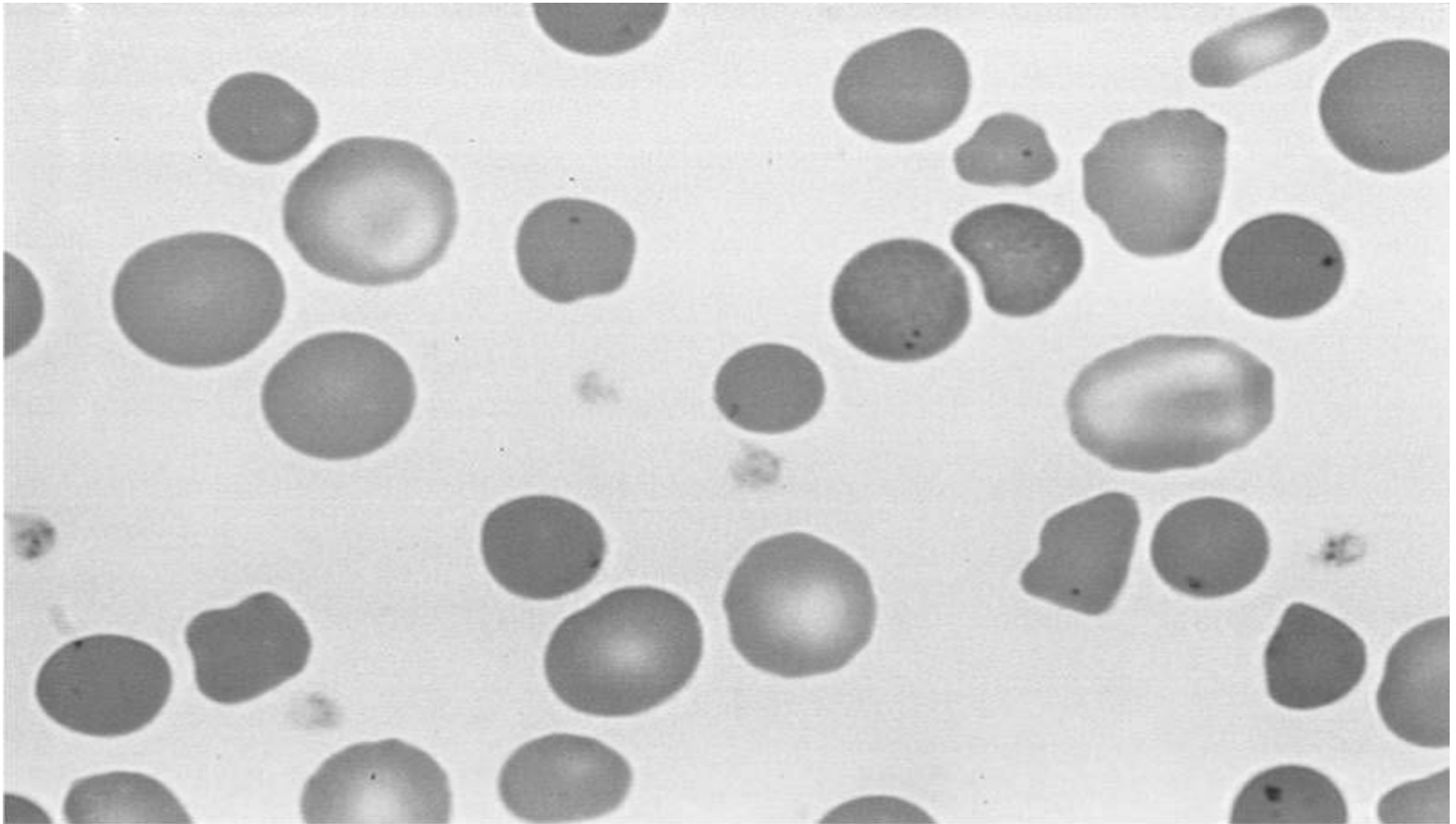
Surname :
 Forname :
 Sex : Date of Birth :
 Hospital No. :
 Ward / Clinic :
 Consultant :
 Address :

Lab. Ref. No. :
 Rec. Date :
 Rec. Hr. :
 Charges J. D. Fils

Nature of Specimen / s
 Date
 Hr
 Dr. Sig.

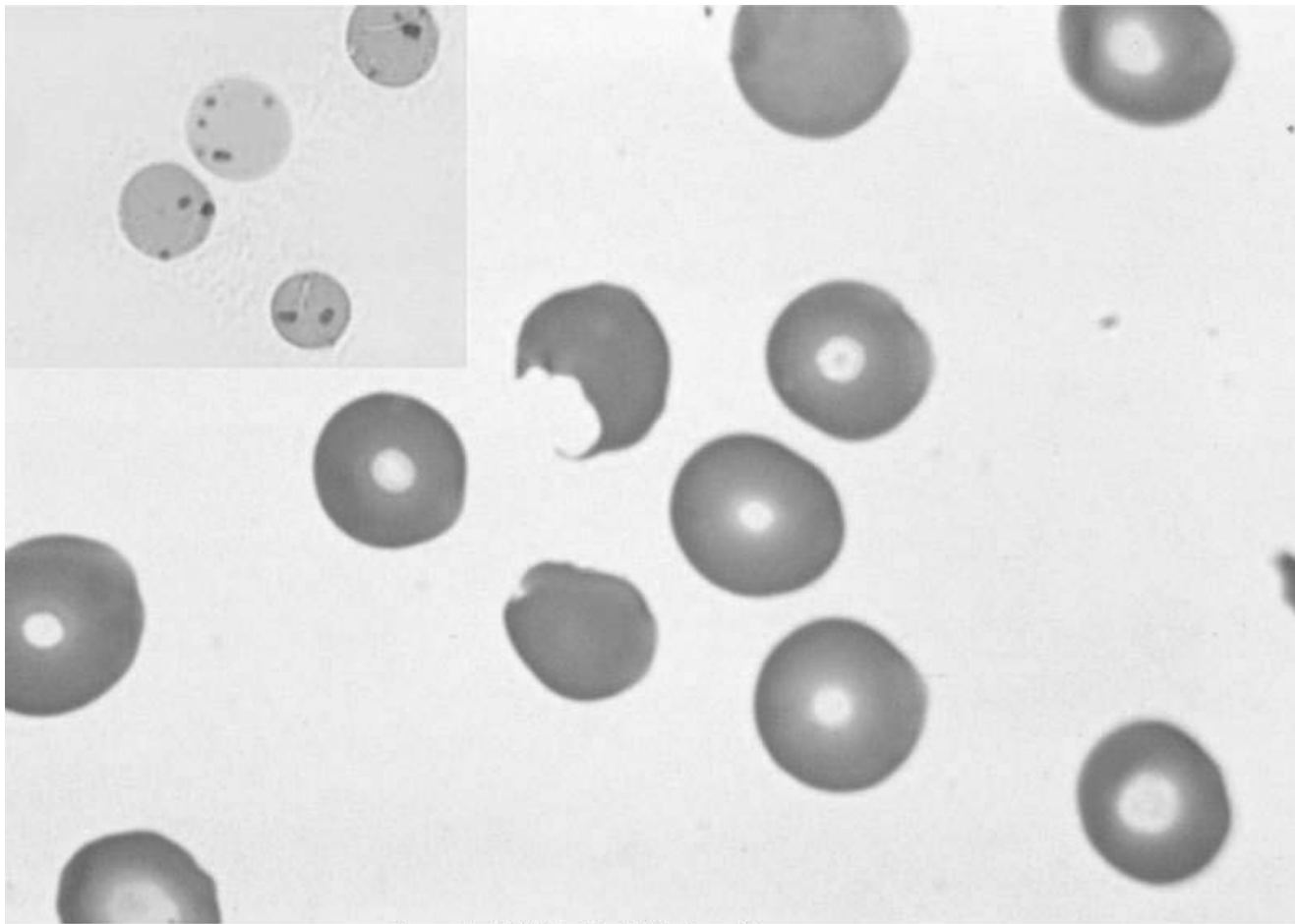
Code No.			Result				Result		
CBC 103001	103005	<input type="checkbox"/>	WBC $\times 12^{12}/L$		4.0 - 10	103012	<input type="checkbox"/> Hb. Electrophoresis		
	103004	<input type="checkbox"/>	RBC $\times 10^9/L$		M 5.5 ± 1.0 F 4.8 ± 1.0		103008	<input type="checkbox"/> DIFFERENTIAL	Neut - Band %
	103003	<input type="checkbox"/>	Hemoglobin g/dl		M 16 ± 2 F 14 ± 2	Neut - Sig. %			40 - 75
	103003	<input type="checkbox"/>	HCT		M 0.46 ± 0.05 F 0.42 ± 0.05	Eosinophil %			1 - 6
		<input type="checkbox"/>	MCV fl		80 - 100	Basophil %			0 - 1
		<input type="checkbox"/>	MCH pg / cell		26 - 34	Lymphocyte %			20 - 45
		<input type="checkbox"/>	MCHC g / dl		31 - 36	Monocyte %			2 - 10
	103006	<input type="checkbox"/>	Platelet $\times 10^9/L$		140 - 440	LAB COMMENTS			
	103011	<input type="checkbox"/>	ESR mm / hr		M 0 - 15 F 0 - 20				
	103010	<input type="checkbox"/>	Retic. Count		0.005 - 0.015				
103009	<input type="checkbox"/>	Eosin. Count $t \times 10^9/L$		0.05 - 0.45					
103020	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sickle Cell		Nil					
103007	<input type="checkbox"/>	Blood Film							
103025	<input type="checkbox"/>	Malaria Smear							
103031	<input type="checkbox"/>	PT							
103032	<input type="checkbox"/>	PTT			Date Reported	Reported By			
103033	<input type="checkbox"/>	EGT							

HEMATOLOGY I



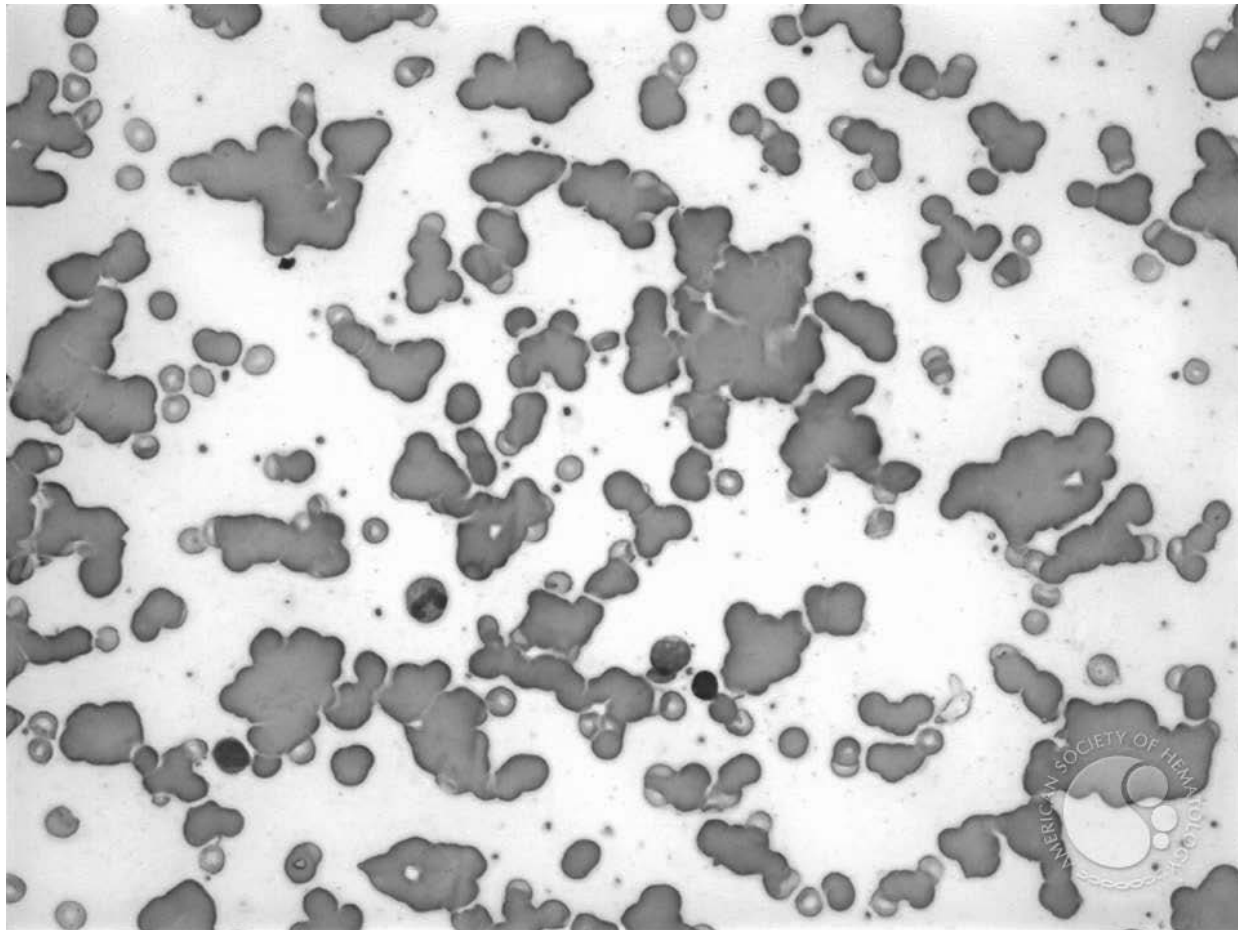
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- Spherocytes appear as small, round cells without the central pallor. Howell Jolly bodies are noted

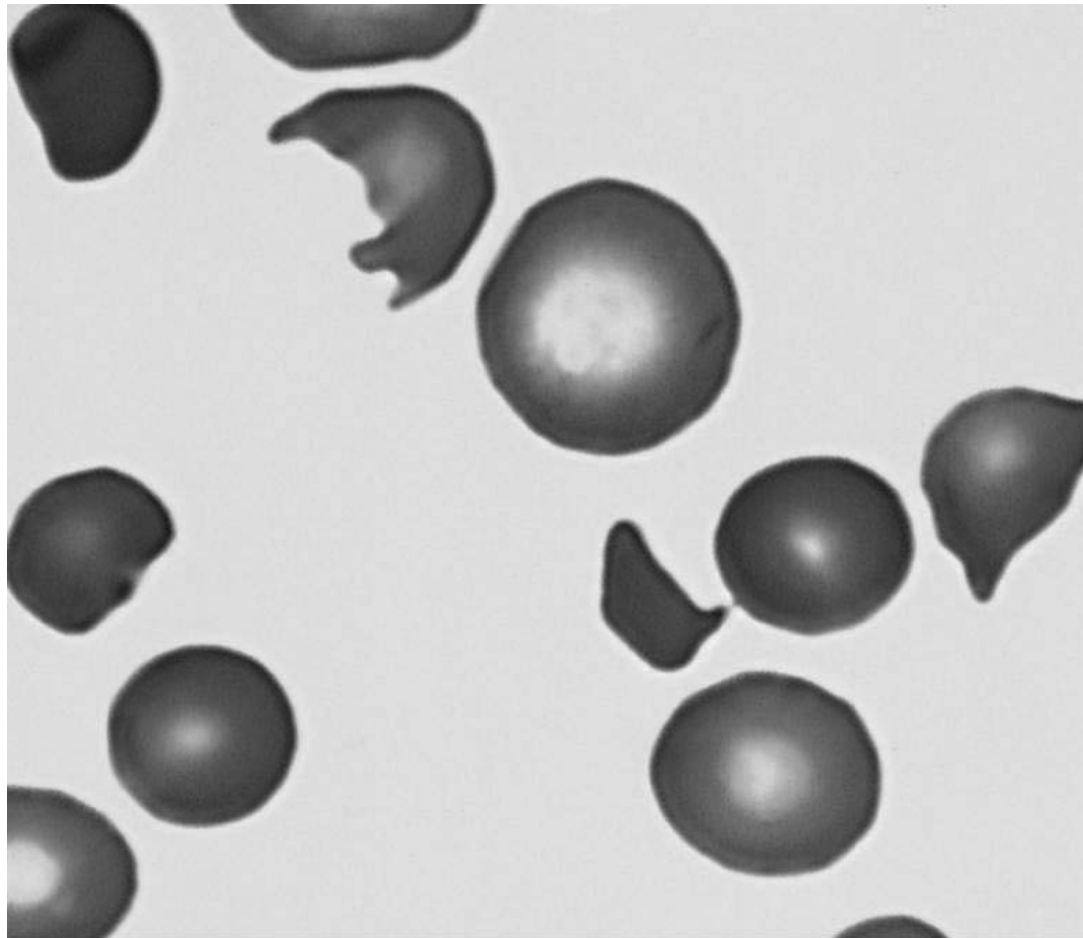


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- Bite cells: seen in G6PD deficiency. Supravital stain (crystal violet) highlights Heins bodies

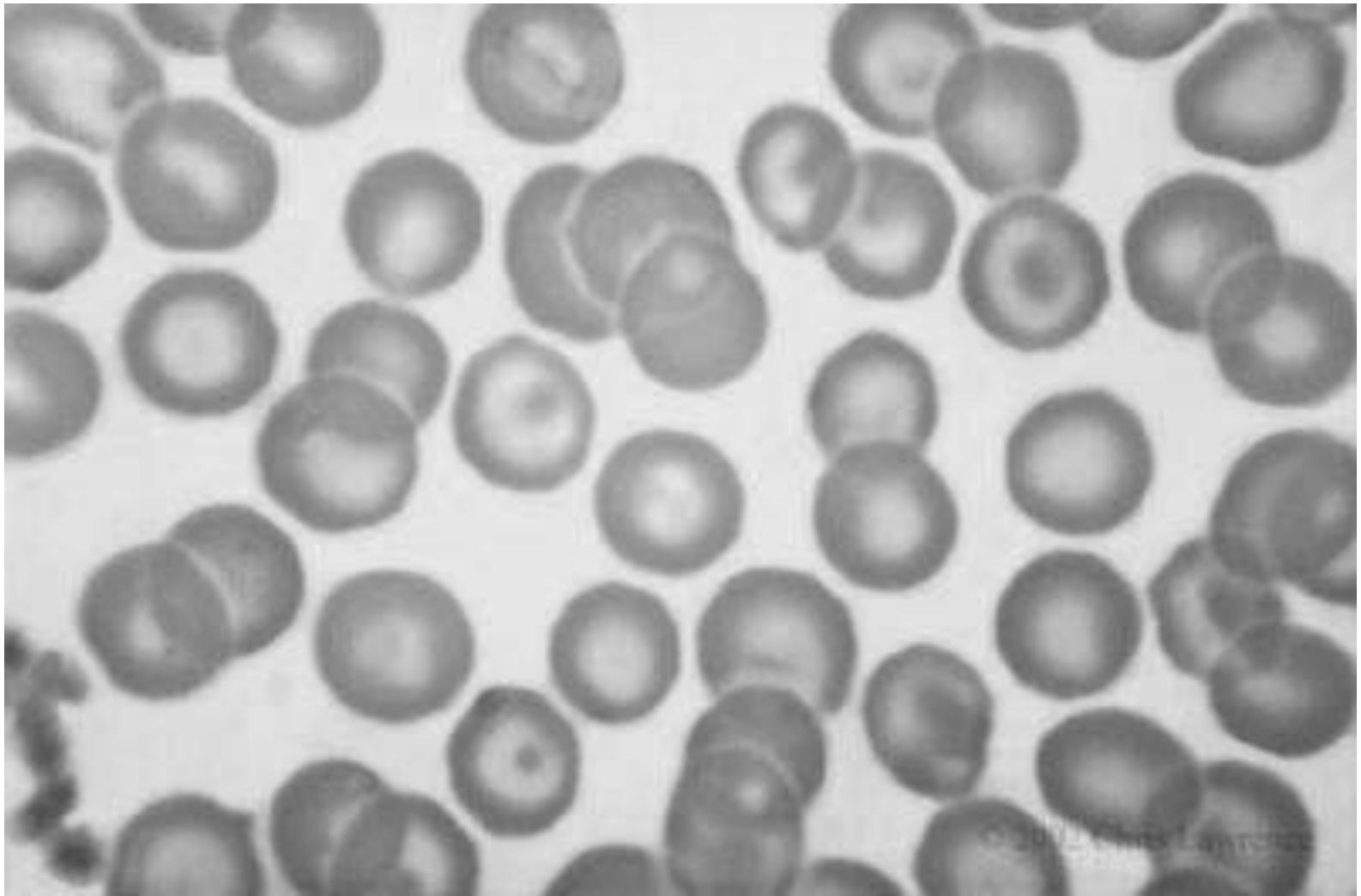


- RBC agglutination in autoimmune hemolytic anemia

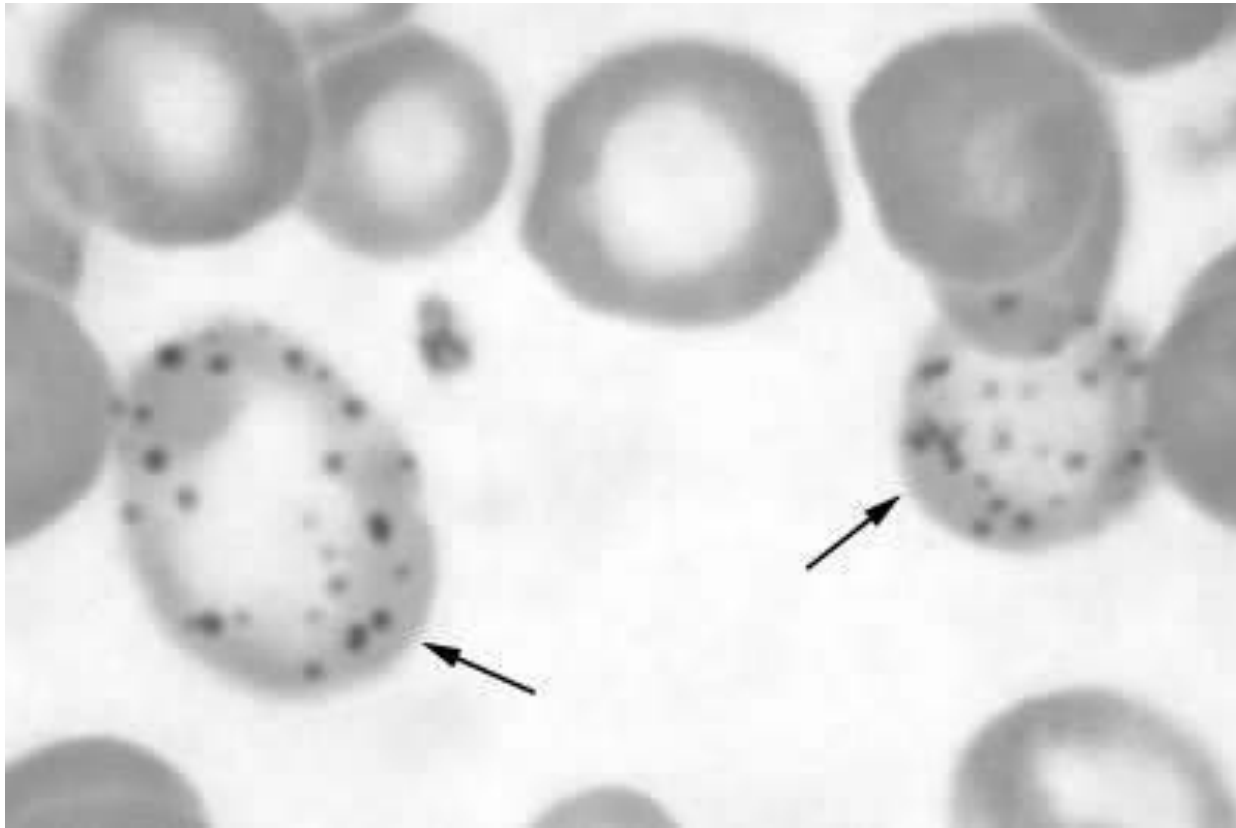


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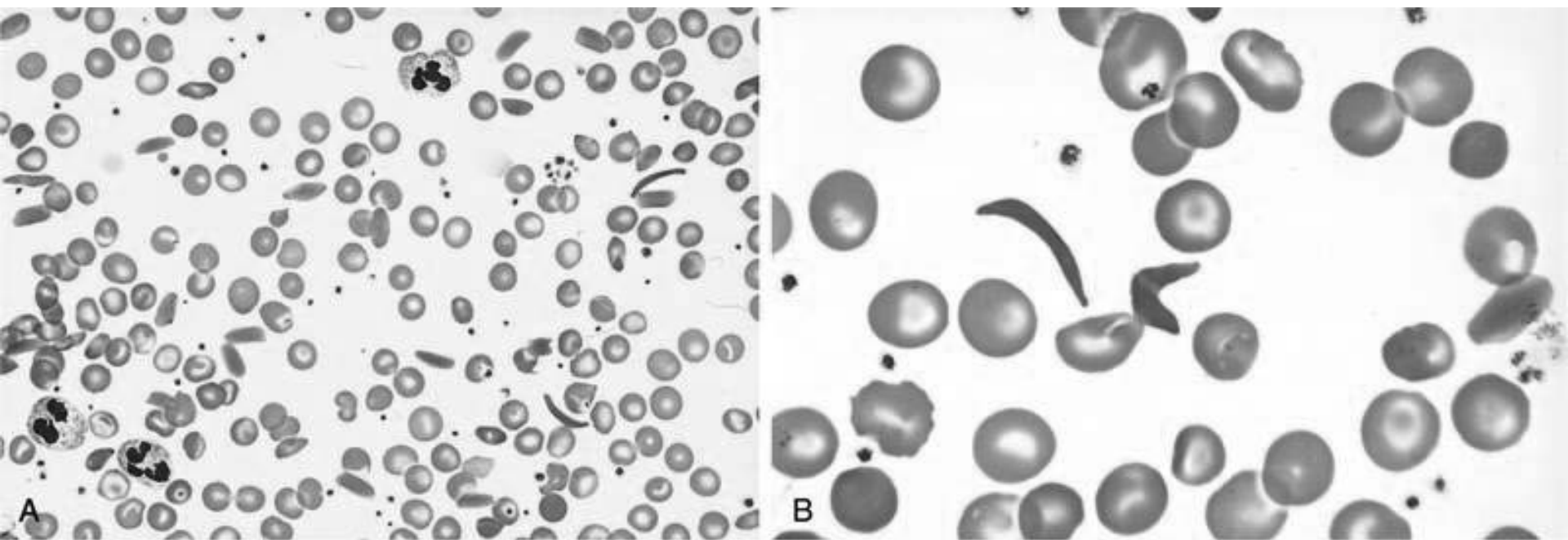
- Schistocytes: fragmented RBCs seen of different shapes



- Monomorphic hypochromic microcytic anemia with target cells, seen in thalassemia

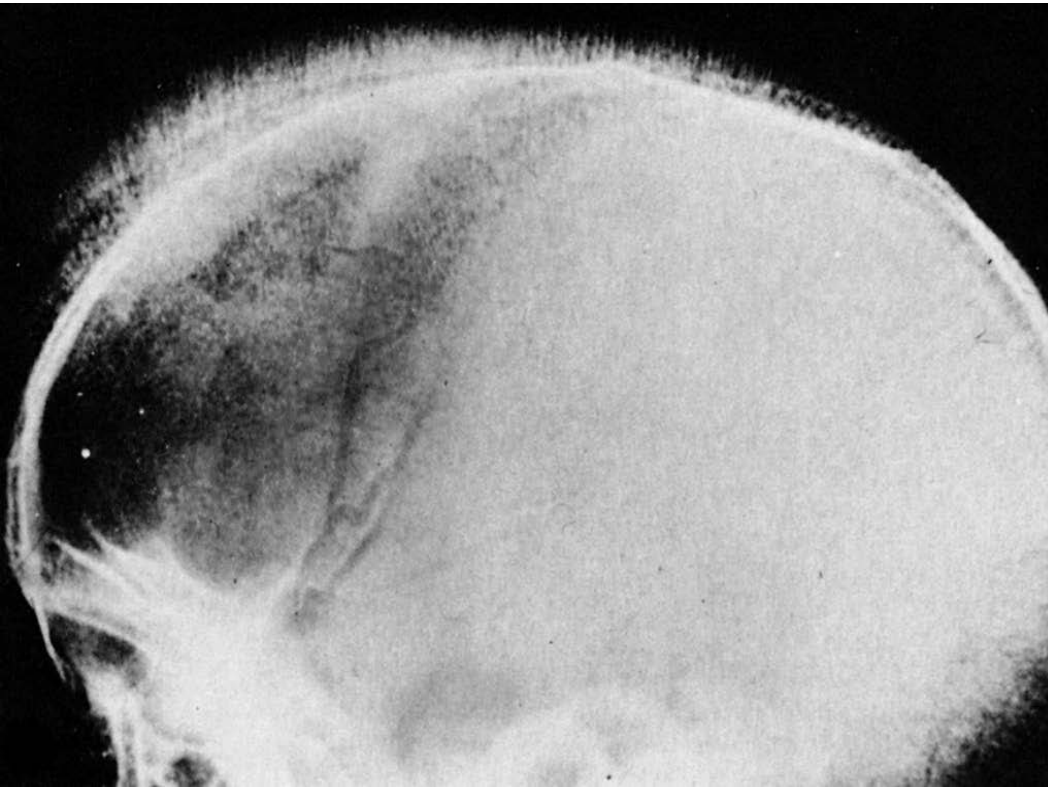


- Basophilic stippling: aggregates of ribosomes, appear as fine blue inclusions in RBCs

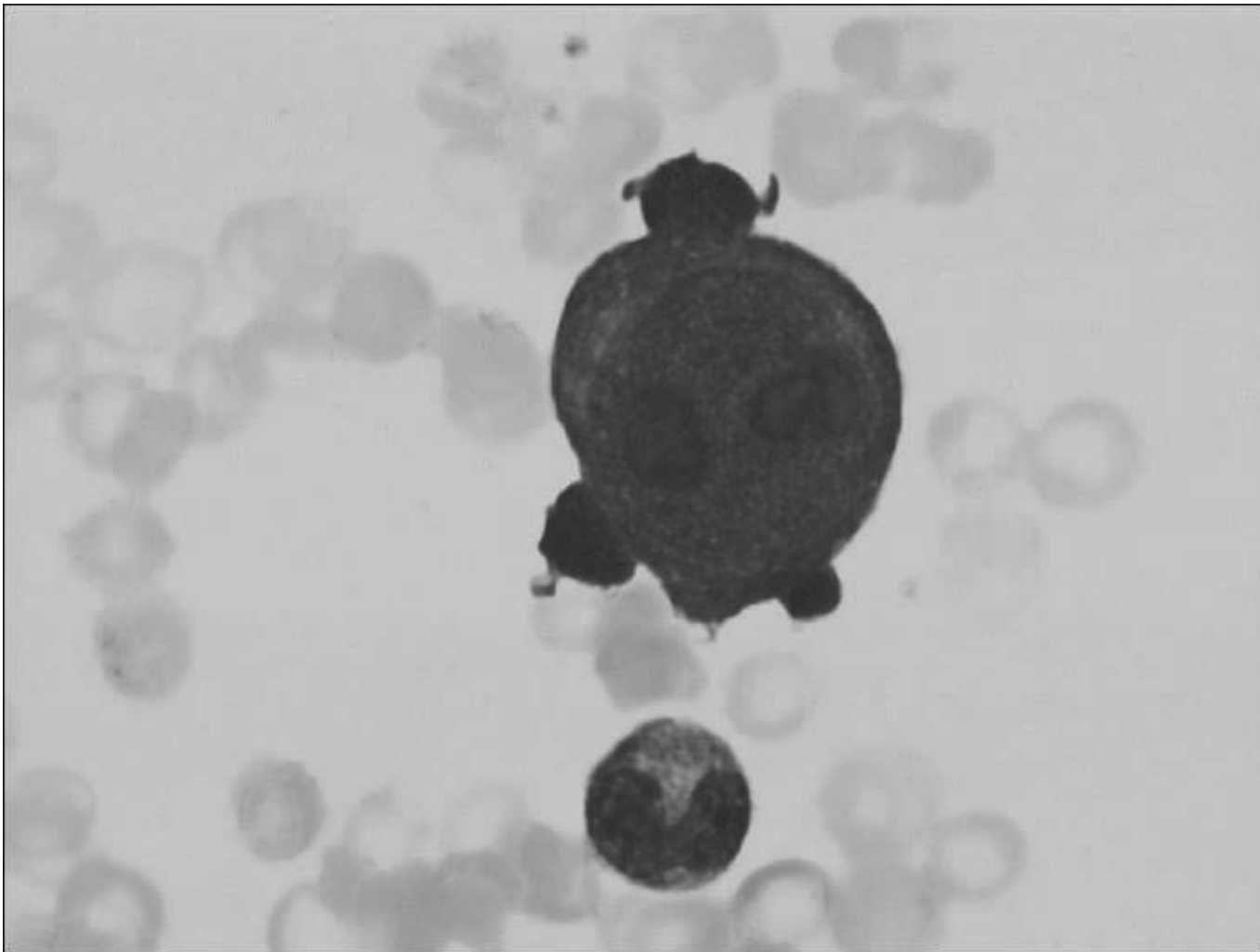


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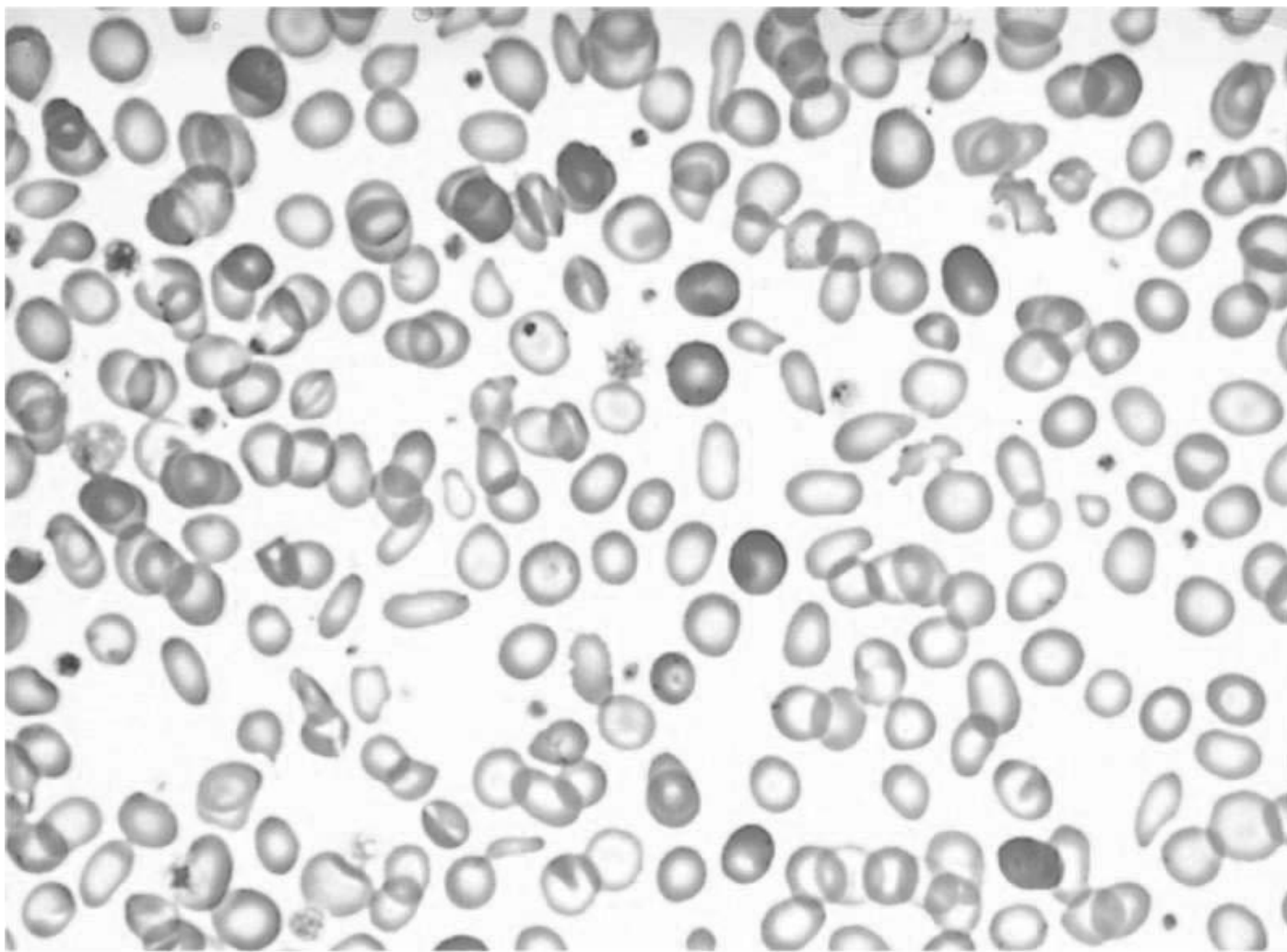
- Sickle cell anemia: numerous sickle cells and target cells



- Crew-cut appearance of skull of X ray:
secondary to marked erythropoiesis in sickle
cell anemia and B-thal

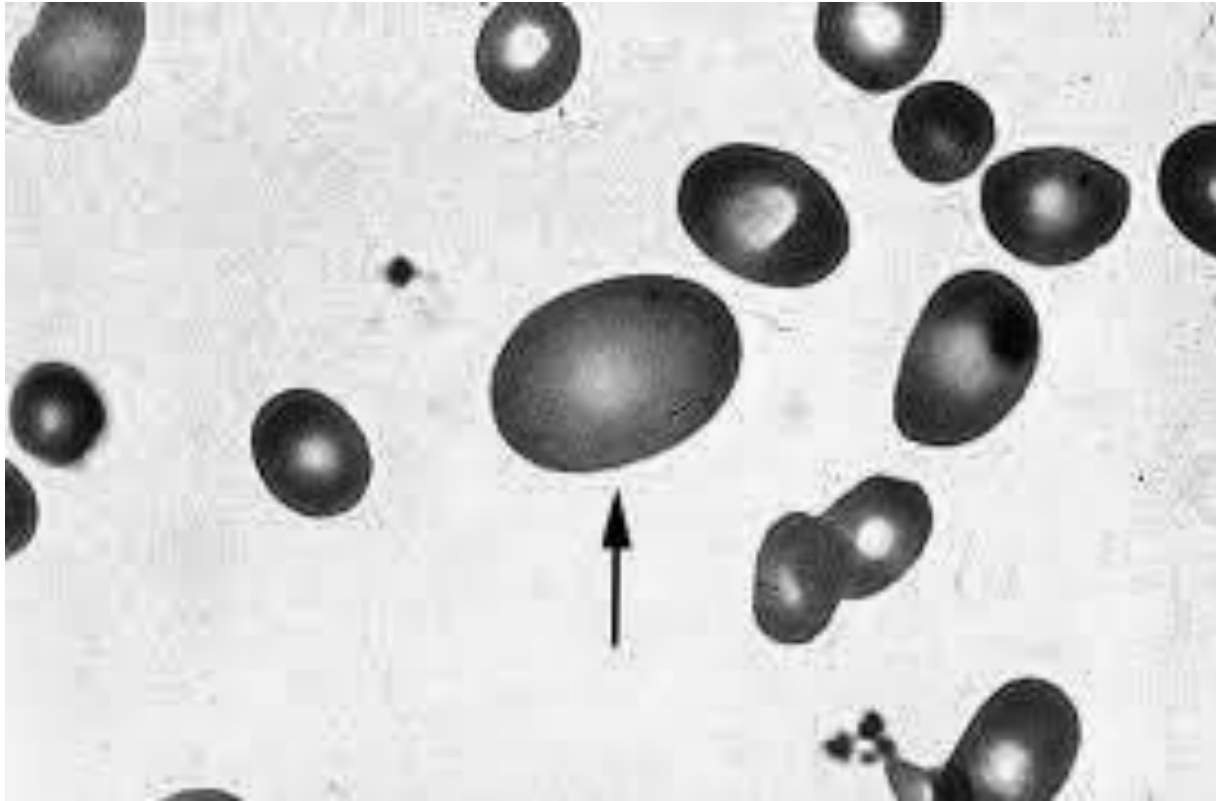


- Aplastic crisis: pronormoblast shows nuclear inclusions

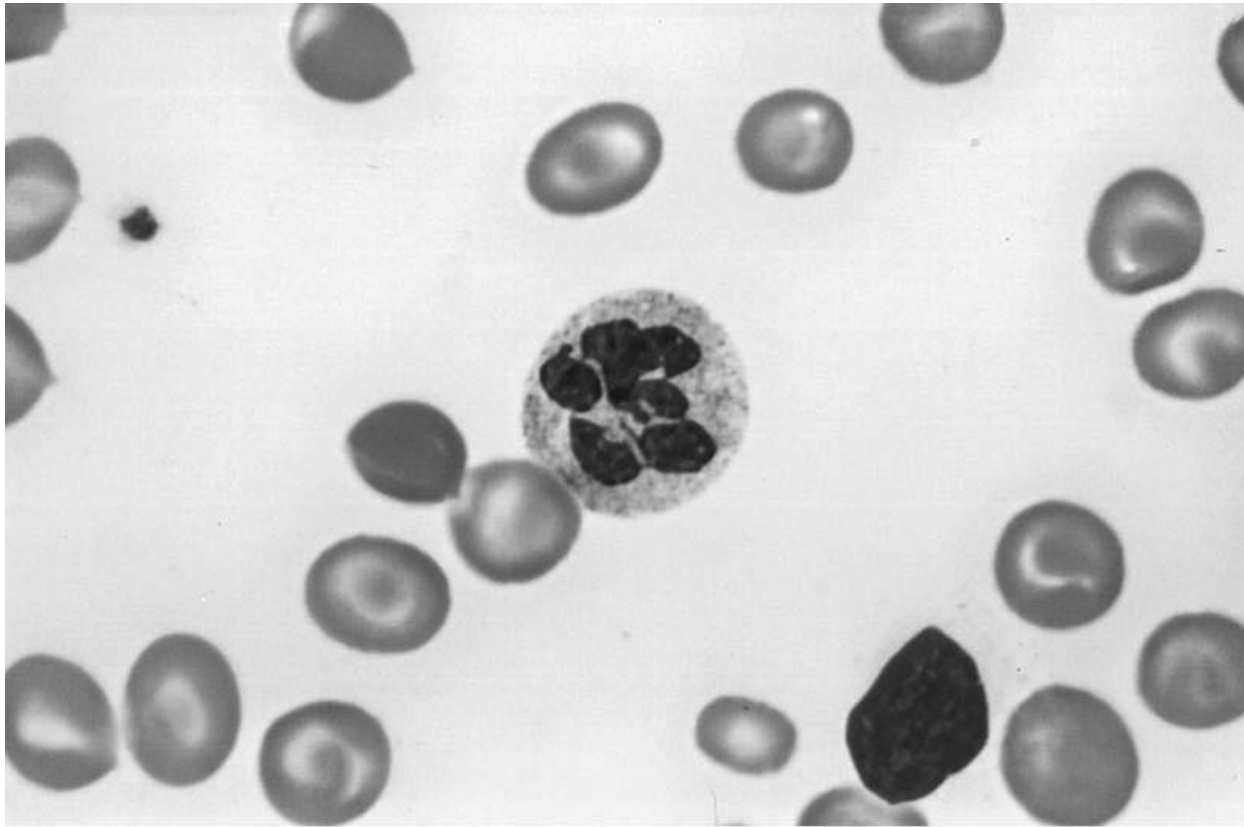


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- Iron deficiency anemia: hypochromic microcytic RBCs, poikilocytosis, target cells

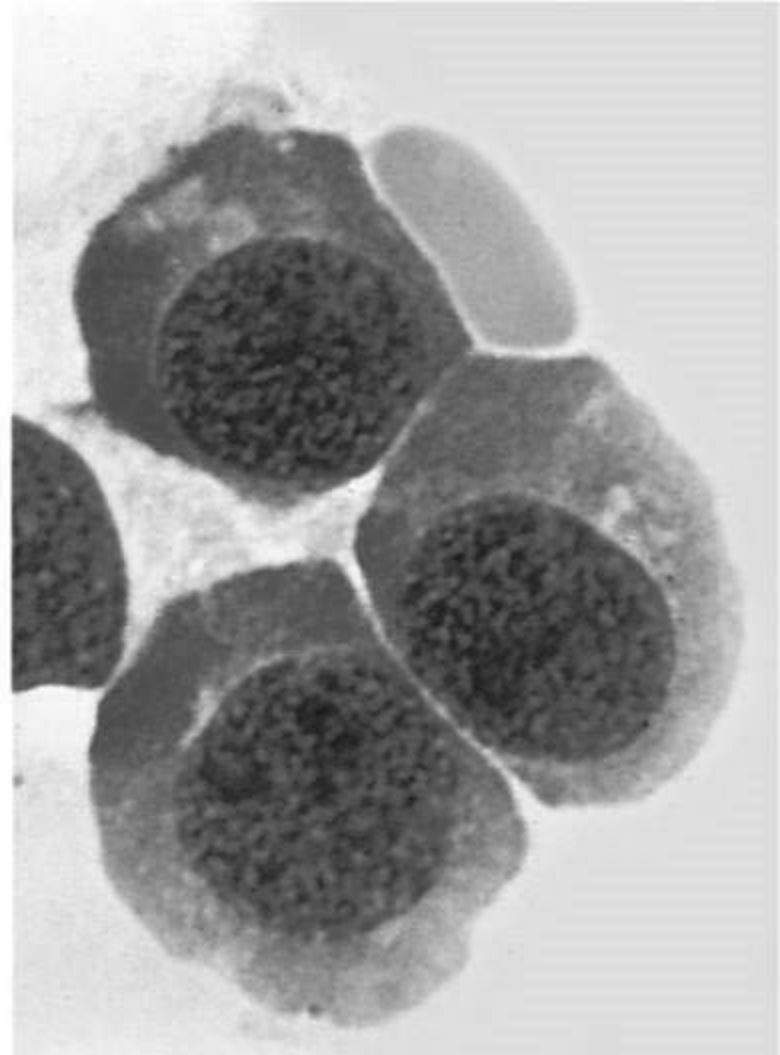
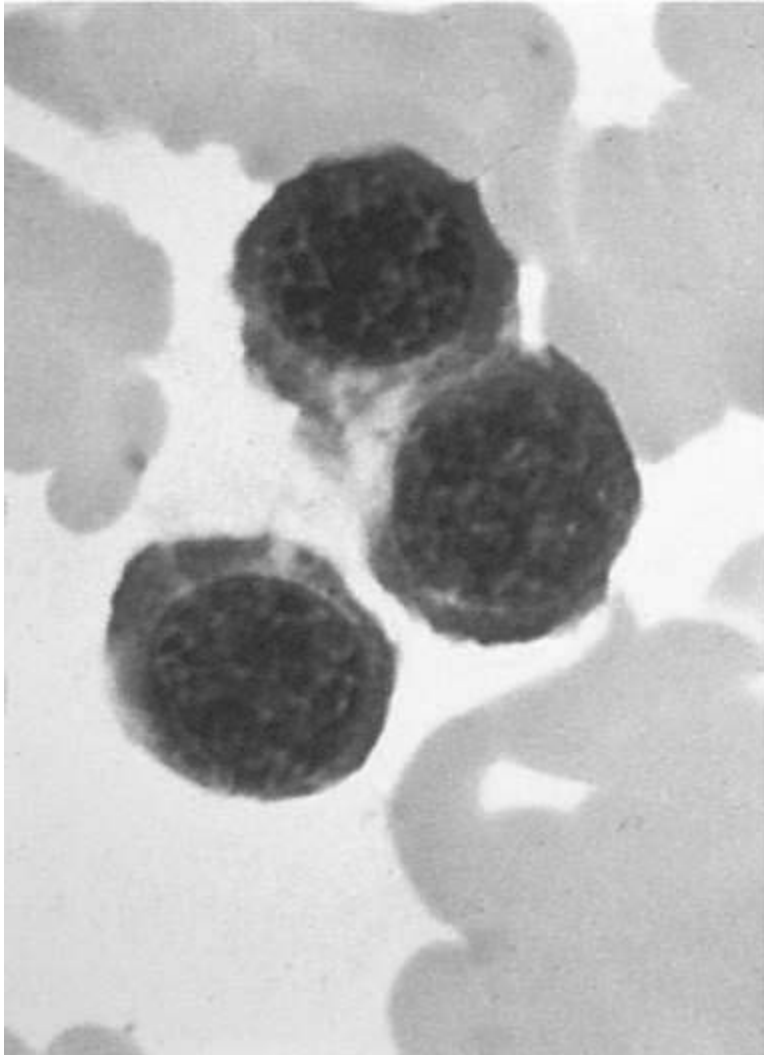


- PB: large ovalocyte is specific for megaloblastic anemia



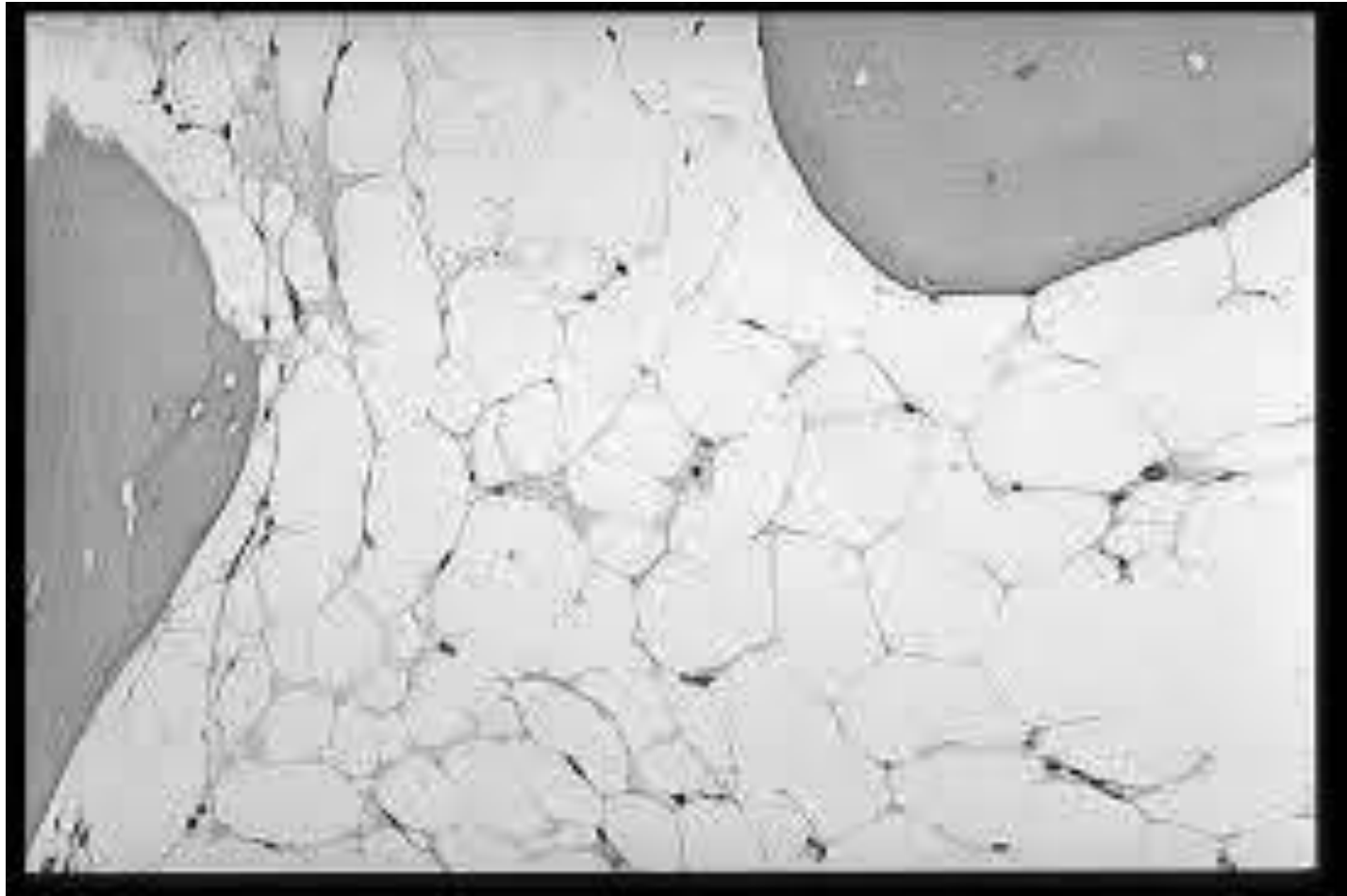
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- Megaloblastic anemia: hypersegmented neutrophil

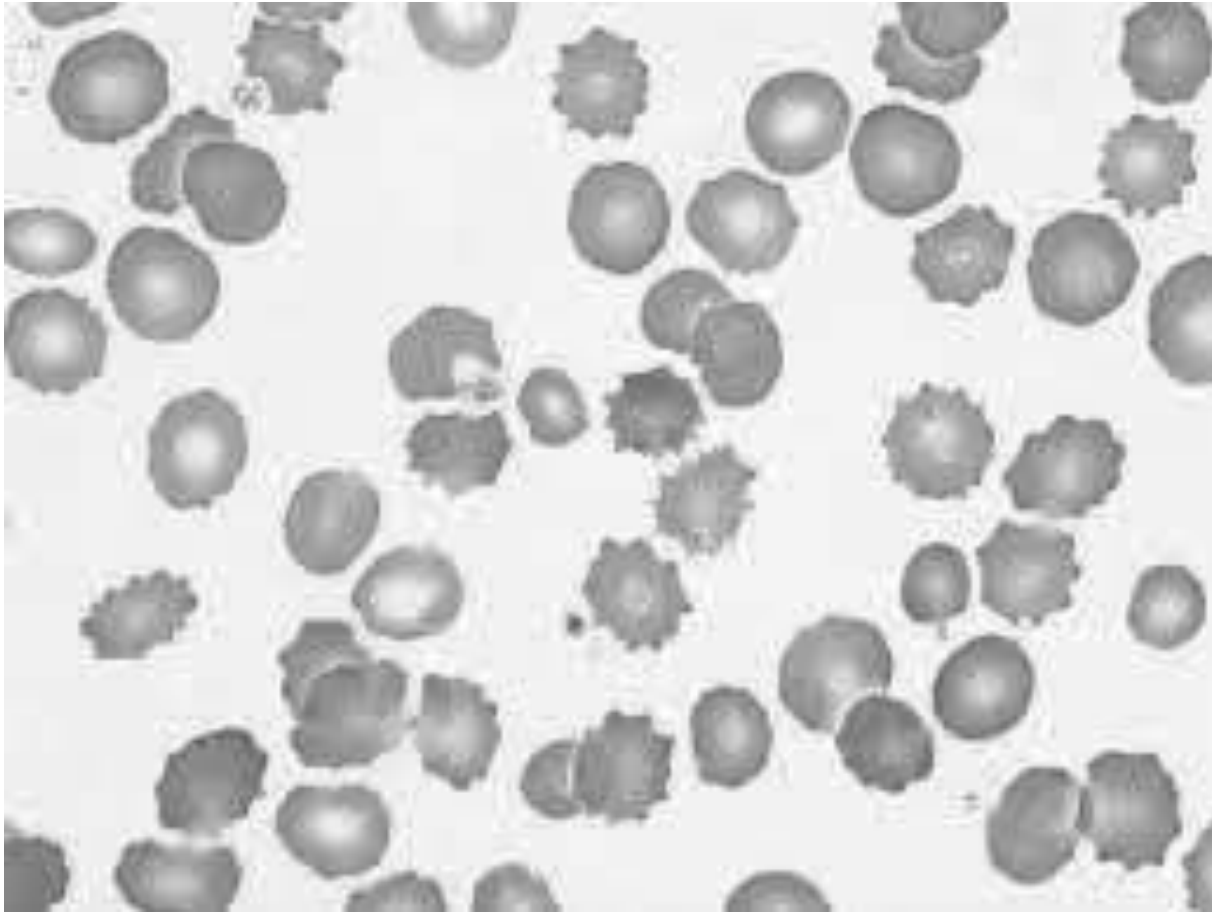


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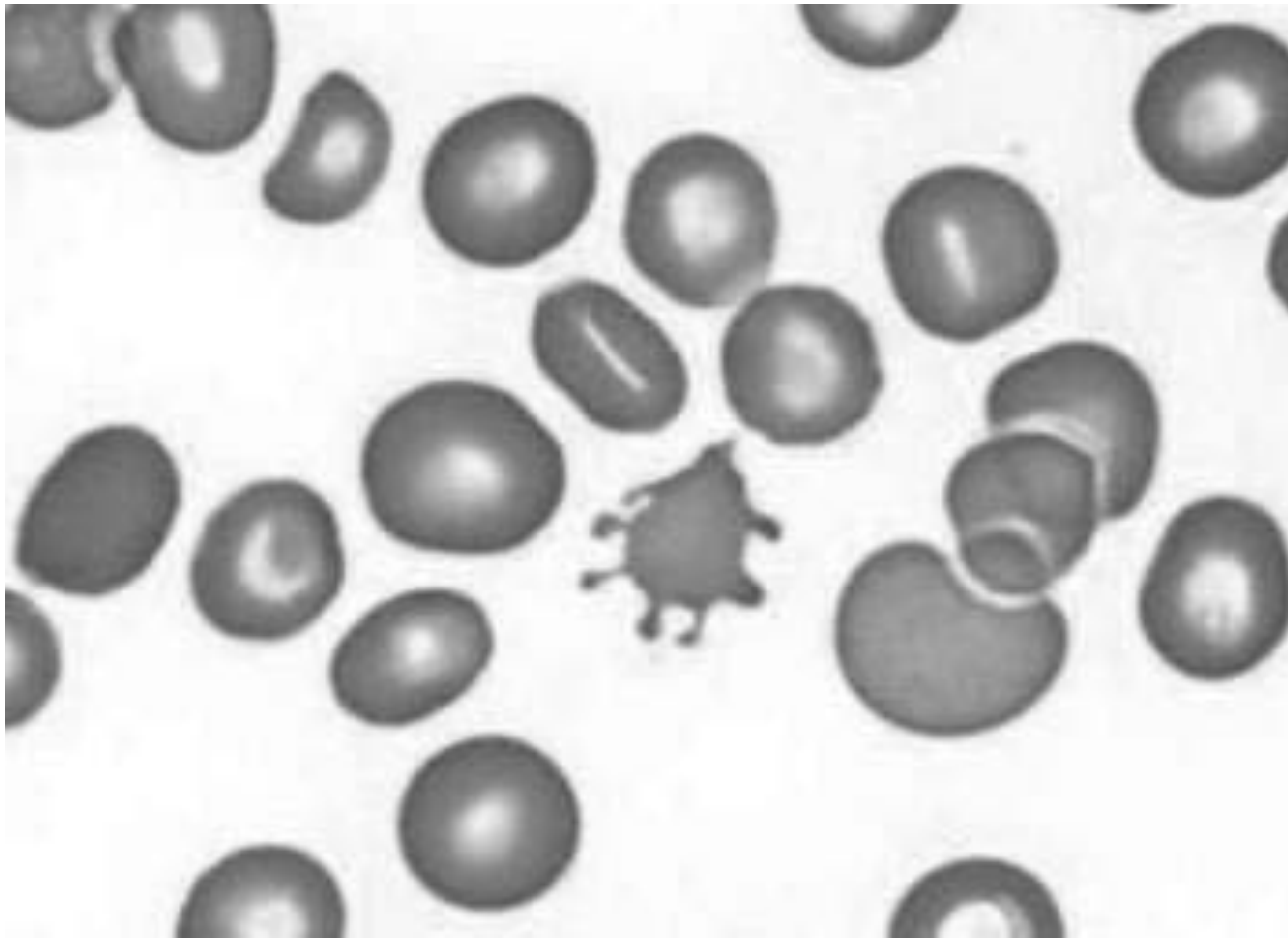
- Comparison of normoblasts (*left*) and megaloblasts (*right*). The megaloblasts are larger, have relatively immature nuclei with finely reticulated chromatin, and have an abundant basophilic cytoplasm



- Aplastic anemia: bone marrow is composed of adipose tissue with very scarce hematopoietic cells



- Echinocytes: circumferential small cytoplasmic projections, seen in uremia



- Acanthocyte: long membrane projections