- 1. all of the following related to BPH Except >> monoclonal (both stromal and epithelial elements not mono)
- 2. one of the following somatic mutations in prostate cancer >>> TMPRSS2-ETS fusion
- 3. problem with PSA >> it is organ-specific, it is not cancer-specific.
- 4. most common germ cell tumor in male >> seminoma
- 5. Schiller-Duvall bodies >>> yolk sac tumor
- 6. about choriocarcinoma >> need chemotherapy and HcG is elevated
- 7. all of the following are true about choriocarcinoma ecxept
- a. poor response to chemotherapy in choriocarcinomas that arise in the gonads (ovary or testis).
- b. much more common in Asian and African countries,
- c. chorionic villi are formed <<<
- d. complete mole is risk factor
- 8. all of the following are common causes of ectopic pregnancy except >>> Stein-Leventhal syndrome
- 9.all are true about mucinous ovarin tumor exceept >> most common surface epithelial tumor
- 10. tumor which associated with Meigs syndrome >>> Fibroma
- 11. most common tumor in adolescence >>> Krukenberg tumors " not sure "
- 12. Most common cause of lumps in the breast >>> Fibrocytic disease
- 13. patient with lumps in breast, we think about breast cancer if we have which of the following risk factor
- not sure but maybe first degree relative with breast cancer
- 14. about fibroadenoma: Fibroadenomas almost never become malignant.
- 15. one of the following is not indicative of malignancy >>>blue dome cysts
- 16. Risk factor Of Invasive ductal carcinoma >>> DCIS
- 17. about breast cancer in male and female , they are similar in all of the following except

- >>> rapidly infiltrates the overlying skin and underlying thoracic wall. " because little of breast substance in the male "
- 18. Condylomas histologic characteristicknown as >>> koilocytosis
- 19. dysplasia in full epithelial thickness >>> CIN 3
- 20. main difference between adenomyosis and endometriosis >> adenomyosis in stratum basalis and do not undergo cyclic bleeding
- 21. most common cancer of upper urinary tract >>> clear cell carcinoma
- 22. about Serous carcinoma >>> P53 mutation
- 23. not Immune complex disease >>> minimal change disease
- 24. Minimal change disease not asccociated with >>> Dysmorphic rbc
- 25. about endometrioid carcinoma, one is risk factor >>> atypical hyperplasia

Patho-urg:

- _Q about immunofluorscense e7fzohom nasiah sho kan
- * Good pasture syndrome >> linear IgG and C3
- *immune complex >> granular
- * pauci -immune>> little or no deposition
- Q about
- * highly selective proteinuria >> low MW " albumin and transferrin"
- * poorly selective >> higher MW " globulins and albumin"
- wrong about minimal change disease>> cause chronic kidney failure
- _s2al final true about minimal change disease >> most frequent in children
- _A disease associated withe HIV >> focal segmental glomerulosclerosis
- _s2al final an autoimmune disease >> dense deposite disease
- s2al mid double contour " term track" >> MPGN
- _s2al mid bs msh akeed dense deposite disease >> C3 NeF
- _s2al mid the most common type glomerulonephritis world wide >> IGA nephropathy " berger disease "
- _true about urinary tract infection "pylonephritis">> the most common cause the asending infection
- _s2al 3an staghorn stone w proteus bs nasiah sho kan bi zab6
- _s2al 3an hylun arteriosclerosis brdo nasiah sho kan bs eja eashy 3ano akeed
- _s2al 3an high level of renin >> renal artery stenosis
- _ A benign exophytic lesion >> condyloma acuminata
- _ related to HPV >> basaloid and warty carcinoma
- _s2al 3an extramammary "paget disease" >> nasiah sho kan bi zab6 bs k2nh most common affect labia majora
- _ s2al 3an true about sarcoma botryodes >> most frequent in infant and children
- _wrong about acute and chronic cervicitis >> present in low PH
- _s2al 3an

LSIL >> more common ,not pre malginant

 $\label{eq:HSIL} \textit{HSIL} >> less \ common \ \textit{,} \ high \ risk \ for \ progression \ to \ carcinoma$

Nasiah sho kan

- _ cervical carcinoma >> lab Q
- _ the most common cause of hematosalpinx >> tubal pregnancy
- _ectopic pregnancy >> most in fallopian tube
- _s2al have a risk to develop choriocarcinoma >> complete mole
- _s2al 3an metastases of choriocarcinoma >? Nasiah sho kan e7fzohom
- _ wrs wrong about chriocarcinoma >> not treated by chemotherpy
- high level of CA 125 >? Carcinoma of epithlelial origin
- the most common malignant of ovary >? Serous tumore
- _ paraneoplastic syndrome >> mature benign tumor " dermoid cyst"
- _ tumor found in prepubertal adolescents and young woman >> immature teratomas
- _ malignant teratomas >? Most common squamous cell carcinoma

- _ meigs syndrome >> fibrothecoma _ krukenberg tumor >> gastric origin